HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST MARCH 2023

### REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The Executive Committee submits its report together with the audited financial statements of Hong Kong Family Welfare Society (the "Society") for the year ended 31st March 2023.

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the Society is the provision of welfare services.

### **Business review**

### Main business

Hong Kong Family Welfare Society, established in 1949, is one of the major social service organisations in Hong Kong. With a "family-centric" perspective, the Society is committed to delivering quality and professional social services to enhance the wellbeing of families and individuals in Hong Kong and foster a caring community.

The Society renders the following major types of social services for families and individuals through its 48 service centres in Hong Kong:

- a) Integrated Family Services including 6 Integrated Family Service Centres, Zonta White House Family Retreat Centre, Clinical Psychological Service, and service projects to promote the wellbeing of families;
- Mediation Services and Divorce Services including a Mediation Centre, a Parent-child Connect Specialised Co-parenting Support Centre, a Family Resource Centre, and services to address needs of divorce and blended families;
- c) Children Services including Foster Care Service, After School Care and Support Programmes, Neighbourhood Support Child Care Project and Kindergarten Social Work Service, and Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Pre-primary Institutions;
- d) Youth Services including School Social Work Service for 40 secondary schools, an Integrated Children and Youth Service Centre, and a variety of service projects to serve the developmental needs of young people;
- e) Community Care and Support Services for the Elderly including Integrated Home Care Service, Enhanced Home and Community Care Services, a Neighbourhood Elderly Centre, Pilot Scheme on Community Care Service Voucher for the Elderly, Home Care and Support Services for Elderly Persons with Mild Impairment, and service projects that address the mental health issues of elders and their carers; and
- Special Services including a Financial Education Centre, a Women and Family Enhancement Centre, Services for Multi-Generational Families, Volunteer Service, and Wellness Programmes.

The COVID-19 pandemic continued to slow down, Hong Kong was returning to normal. With solid experience in social welfare services and development of innovative services, our Society provided support to address the needs of families under the "new normal". With the transformation of family structure, the aging population, and the mental health problems brought challenges to society, families were under stress. Our Society, collaborated with the government and different stakeholders, had launched different service projects to support those families in need, and to enhance the family wellbeing.

At the same time, the two envisioning goals developed in 2019 under Envisioning 2024 were continued, the work for the third year plan was completed with satisfactory result, and had set the sustainable development direction of the Society and with different derivable developed. Internally, staff continually to strengthen the application of "family-centric" intervention model in their daily routine; while externally, we conducted the second "Hong Kong Family Wellbeing Index" and had advocated those important elements in family wellbeing with the collaboration of corporate partners.

### REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

### **Business review (Continued)**

### Business review and performance analysis

The Society was financially stable with an increase in total income by 1.65% as compared with that of last year. Its major source of fund was from the subvention by the SWD, including Lump Sum Grant ("LSG"), which was 82.72% of the total income. The Society also got funding support from other government departments and different kinds of project fund and charity fund, including The Community Chest, The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust and the Lotteries Fund Grant as well as donation from individuals and corporates.

All along, the Society complies with the requirements stipulated in the SWD LSG Manual, Lotteries Fund Manual and 16 Service Quality Standards, the Best Practice Manual. The Society has policies and procedures to ensure all units observe the relevant legal obligations in their operation, including Employment Ordinance, Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, etc.

The Society has generally met the performance requirements agreed with its funders, including the Service Quality Standards, Essential Service Requirements, Output Standards and Outcome standards set out by the SWD. Besides, its services received positive feedback from service users.

During the year, the Society was granted different awards for its contributions:

- a) Financial Education Centre "e\$mart Financial Management Kids Society" received the "Excellence in Social Impact Innovation (Large Organization)" and "Special Award for NGO" in the HKMA/HKT Global Innovation Award 2022/2023 organised by The Hong Kong Management Association;
- b) "Bronze Award", "2nd Highest Donation Award for Donation Drive" and "9th Top Fund-raiser Award" of Corporate and Employee Contribution Programme 2022/23 by the Community Chest; and
- c) The status of "Manpower Developer" (1st April 2022 31st March 2023) in the "Employees Retraining Board "ERB" Manpower Developer Award Scheme.

### Key relationships

### a) Members

Members of the Society are persons, corporates or institutional bodies who register and subscribe to the Articles of Association and pay the annual subscription. At the end of the financial year 2022/23, the Society maintained a membership of 117.

### b) Service users

In general, service users of the Society are families or individuals who meet the eligibility criteria for services of the Society and wish to use the Society's services. Apart from providing appropriate services to its service users, the Society also promotes a family-friendly environment and advocates policies which enhance family wellbeing. Besides, the Society took an active stance in sharing views and concerns towards relevant social issues, government policies and legislation, such as "Proposed Mandatory Reporting Requirement for Suspected Child Abuse Cases.

During the year, the Society offered education, preventive and remedial services for more than 519,706 beneficiaries and provided intensive service for more than 24,820 individual and family cases

### c) Staff

The Society maintained a work force of over 1,120 as at 31st March 2023, comprising professional, management, administrative, frontline and support staff. The number of staff was almost the same as compared with the figure of 1,120 in 2021/22.

### REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

### **Business review (Continued)**

### Key relationships (Continued)

d) Funders and external partners

The Society has maintained close collaboration with government departments, funders and strategic partners to put joint efforts in service provision to benefit the service users and the community as a whole. During the year, the management staff served in over 120 committees, panels, working groups, task force, liaison groups and network meetings of different nature set up under Labour and Welfare Bureau, Social Welfare Department, Home Affairs Bureau, Social Workers Registration Board, Hong Kong Council of Social Service and Family Council, etc, to advise on the development of social services, social welfare policies and issues relating to the welfare of its service users and the community as a whole. All these efforts are to actualise the Society's mission to promote the wellbeing of families and foster a caring community.

### Principal risks and uncertainties

With increased complexity in the external environment, it is inevitable that the Society is exposed to risk which would affect its ability to achieve the planned objectives. To manage risks and to ensure sustainable development of the Society, a Risk Management ("RM") Policy and Framework has been formulated and implemented since 2014. There was progress report to the Executive Committee on a regular basis to ensure that risks are identified, appropriately assessed, mitigated and managed, and continual enhancement of its services and operations is in place.

The Society had an overall staff turnover rate at 16.8%, which recorded a significant increase as compared with the figure of 15.9% last year. With the continuous service expansion in the social welfare sector and government subvention, competition in the manpower market could not be avoided. The staff turnover due to migration continued throughout the year. Difficulty in the recruitment and retention of staff was significant, particularly for social workers and health care professionals, etc. To address such issues, the Society continued the annual review exercise on the remuneration package, and develop different Human Resource initiatives to improve the staff welfare benefits and to promote the Society through employer branding measures.

### Future development

In the coming year, the Society will be celebrating her 75<sup>th</sup> Anniversary. In view of the accumulated practice wisdom in the past years for serving the families in need, the Society will continue the implementation of strategies under the two envisioning goals. With the collaboration of government and partners from different sectors, our Society will commit to co-create a family-friendly environment, and advocate the values in family wellbeing and to foster a caring society.

### Results

The results of the Society for the year are set out in the statement of comprehensive income on page 10.

### Own funds

Details of the movements in own funds of the Society during the year are set out in notes 12 to 14 to the financial statements.

### REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

### **Executive Committee members**

The members of the Executive Committee during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Mr. Law Kin Chung, Christopher, JP (Chairman)

Dr. Cheng Cheuk Sang, Arnold (Vice Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Shee Sing, Patrick (Honorary Treasurer)

Mrs. Choy Pun Siu Fun, Veronica, MBE, JP

Dr. Chung See Yuen

Mrs. Kwok Leung Kit Kan, Ingrid

Ms. Lau Wing Yin, Cecilia

Mr. Loong Hon Biu, Louis

Ms. Siu Wing Yee, Sylvia, JP

Dr. Tang Sau Lim, Philip

Ms. Wong Hang Yee, Sandy, JP

Ms. Sung Ye Wan, Yvonne

Ms. Chu Choi Ming Fung, Janet

Ms. Chau Shuk King, Kitty (Chief Executive)

Ms. Yip Yun Wan, Amarantha (Chief Executive)

(appointed on 22nd November 2022)

(ex-officio) (appointed on 1st August 2023)

(ex-officio) (retired on 1st April 2023)

In accordance with Article 33 of the Society's Articles of Association, the members of the Executive Committee (except ex-officio) shall be elected annually from amongst the members of the Society in the Annual General Meeting.

In accordance with Article 37 of the Society's Articles of Association, the Executive Committee may appoint not more than four persons to be co-opted members of the Executive Committee but so that the total number of Executive Committee members shall not at any time exceed 16.

Executive Committee members' material interests in transactions, arrangements and contracts that are significant in relation to the Society's business

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Society's business to which the Society was a party and in which an Executive Committee member of the Society had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Executive Committee members' interests in the shares and debentures of the Society or any specified undertaking of the Society

At no time during the year was the Society a party to any arrangement to enable the Executive Committee members of the Society to hold any interests in the shares or debentures of the Society or its specified undertakings.

### Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Society were entered into or existed during the year.

### REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE (CONTINUED)

### Permitted indemnity provisions

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in Section 469 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622)) for the benefit of the Executive Committee members of the Society is currently in force and was in force throughout the year.

### Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Executive Committee

Mr. Law Kin Chung, Christopher Chairman

Hong Kong, - 6 OCT 2023





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

(Incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

### Opinion

What we have audited

The financial statements of Hong Kong Family Welfare Society (the "Society"), which are set out on pages 9 to 54, comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31st March 2023;
- · the statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- · the statement of changes in own funds for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Society as at 31st March 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Society in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

### Other Information

The Executive Committee is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Executive Committee's report and the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY (CONTINUED)

(incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

### Other Information (Continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Executive Committee for the Financial Statements

The Executive Committee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the Executive Committee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Executive Committee is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Executive Committee either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY (CONTINUED) (Incorporated in Hong Kong and limited by guarantee)

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Executive Committee.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Executive Committee's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Executive Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

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Hong Kong, - 6 OCT 2023

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### **BALANCE SHEET**

BALANCE SHEET	As at 31st March		
	Note	2023	2022
Assets Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Trust fund assets	5 6 8	32,696,047 13,996,087 40,270,364	26,918,401 4,677,575 44,818,331
Total non-current assets		86,962,498	76,414,307
Current assets Receivables from Lotteries Fund Receivables from Innovation and Technology Fund Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Fixed deposits with original maturity over three months Cash and cash equivalents	9 10 11 11	1,009,966 178,333 54,462,348 56,278,389 243,037,882	409,745 554,709 39,571,640 25,443,831 315,100,808
Total current assets		354,966,918	381,080,733
Total assets		441,929,416	457,495,040
Funds and reserves Own funds			
General Fund Capital Reserve Designated Funds	12 13 14	93,222,469 906,430 46,884,374	95,573,449 175,475 47,239,039
Total own funds		141,013,273	142,987,963
Other reserves and trust funds Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserve Provident Fund Reserve Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve Social Welfare Subvention Reserve Trust Funds	15(a) 15(b) 15(a) & (c) 16 17	129,973,730 22,288,457 23,327,105 11,427,660 40,270,364	148,188,044 21,767,819 25,689,640 12,282,647 44,818,331
Total other reserves and trust funds		227,287,316	252,746,481
Total funds and reserves		368,300,589	395,734,444
Liabilities Non-current liabilities Deferred income Lease liabilities	18 20	14,240,283 6,669,145	17,901,358 2,247,087
Total non-current liabilities		20,909,428	20,148,445
Current liabilities Payables and receipts in advance Home help deposits received Provisions for unutilised annual leave and long service	19	19,105,514 110,000 2,359,794	21,766,178 127,000 3,465,076
payments Deferred income Lease liabilities	18 20	2,359,794 23,311,742 7,832,349	13,575,322 2,678,575
Total current liabilities		52,719,399	41,612,151
Total liabilities		73,628,827	61,760,596
Total funds and liabilities		441,929,416	457,495,040

The above balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. The financial statements on pages 9 to 54 were approved by the Executive Committee of 6 OCT 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

Mr. Law Kin Chung, Christopher Chairman

Mr. Cheng shee Sing, Patrick Honorary Treasurer

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Year ended 31st March		
	Note	2023	2022	
Income				
Government subvention		559,533,833	535,016,992	
One-off subsidy from Social Welfare Department		26,100	489,964	
Income from Lotteries Fund - Block Grant		4,954,554	3,826,819	
Income from Lotteries Fund - Social Welfare		500 755	1.016.573	
Development Fund ("SWDF")	25	699,765	1,016,572	
Income from Lotteries Fund - General	25	12,508,548	24,467,436	
Income from Innovation and Technology Fund		573,598	814,392	
Back payment from Social Welfare Department		391,170	1,369,942	
Home help fees		12,600,619	10,639,006	
Donation funding for specific projects from:		F 4 40 F00	E 140 E00	
- The Community Chest - Baseline Allocation		5,140,500	5,140,500	
- The Hong Kong Jockey Club Charities Trust		15,049,514	12,060,769	
- Other sponsors	24	33,779,017	32,166,294	
Donations and income from fund raising activities	26	2,693,500	10,823,271	
Subsidiary services and other project income		28,401,293	27,512,490	
		676,352,011	665,344,447	
Other income		<del></del>	<u> </u>	
Dividend income		1,471,838	1,307,303	
Interest income		784,051	334,718	
		2,255,889	1,642,021	
Total income		678,607,900	666,986,468	
Expenditure		-		
Employee benefit expenses	21	526,657,130	478,346,130	
Programme expenses	22	77,633,300	71,209,601	
Premises expenses	23	12,057,852	10,495,577	
Other expenses	23	56,551,405	50,286,515	
Interest on lease liabilities	20	810,488	328,138	
Total expenditure		673,710,175	610,665,961	
Total expenditure				
Surplus and total comprehensive income for the year		4,897,725	56,320,507	
Utilisation of current year's surplus:				
Surplus/(deficit) transferred to/(from):				
- General Fund	12	(950,980)	(3,583,453)	
- Capital Reserve	13	(669,045)	(487,619)	
- Designated Funds	14	(354,665)	6,347,091	
- Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserve	15(a)	96,751	42,414,613	
- Social Welfare Provident Fund Reserve	15(b)	522,274	4,066,644	
- Social Welfare Subvention Reserve	16	6,253,390	7,563,231	
		A 907 735	E6 220 F07	
		4,897,725	56,320,507	

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN OWN FUNDS

	General Fund (note 12)	Capital Reserve (note 13)	Designated Funds (note 14)	Total
Balance at 1st April 2021	100,656,902	663,094	39,391,948	140,711,944
Comprehensive income (Deficit)/surplus for the year transferred (to)/from the statement			-	
of comprehensive income	(3,583,453)	(487,619)	6,347,091	2,276,019
Transfer between reserves	(1,500,000)		1,500,000	
Other comprehensive income	(8)		=	·
Total comprehensive income	(5,083,453)	(487,619)	7,847,091	2,276,019
Balances at 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	95,573,449	175,475	47,239,039	142,987,963
Comprehensive loss Deficit for the year transferred to the				
statement of comprehensive income	(950,980)	(669,045)	(354,665)	(1,974,690)
Transfer between reserves	(1,400,000)	1,400,000		
Other comprehensive income	-	¥:	•	280
Total comprehensive loss	(2,350,980)	730,955	(354,665)	(1,974,690)
Balance at 31st March 2023	93,222,469	906,430	46,884,374	141,013,273

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year ended 31st March		
	Note	2023	2022	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash generated from operations	29(a)	11,074,700	62,695,284	
Refund of prior years' surplus to SWD	15 & 16	(27,783,613)	(6,607,262)	
Retuite of prior years surplus to SWD	13 & 10	(27,765,015)	(0,007,202)	
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(16,708,913)	56,088,022	
Cash flows from investing activities		( <del></del>		
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	5	(17,980,946)	(10,985,202)	
Increase in bank deposits with original maturity over	-	(17,500,510)	(20,000,202)	
three months		(30,834,558)	(287,612)	
Interest received		784,051	334,718	
interest received		704,031	354,710	
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(48,031,453)	(10,938,096)	
Cash flows from financing activities		-		
Principal elements of lease payments	29(d)	(6,512,072)	(6,068,215)	
Programment of the control of the co	29(d)	(810,488)	(328,138)	
Interest elements on lease payments	29(u)	(810,488)	(328,138)	
Net cash outflow from financing activities	9	(7,322,560)	(6,396,353)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(72,062,926)	38,753,573	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		315,100,808	276,347,235	
cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	11	243,037,882	315,100,808	
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(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1 General information

The principal activity of Hong Kong Family Welfare Society (the "Society") is to provide welfare services. The Society was incorporated under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance in 1978 as a company limited by guarantee. The address of its registered office is Room 2010, 20th Floor, Southorn Centre, 130 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

Under the provisions of the Society's Articles of Association, every member shall, in the event of the Society being wound up, contribute to the assets of the Society to the extent of HK\$10. At 31st March 2023, the Society had 117 (2022: 119) members.

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated.

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies

This note provides a list of significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Society have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") which term collectively includes all applicable individual HKFRS, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") included in trust fund assets, which are carried at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Society's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 4.

(a) New and amended standards, interpretations, annual improvement and accounting guideline to the existing HKFRSs (collectively, the "Amendments") adopted by the Society

The Society has applied the following Amendments for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing on 1st April 2022:

Annual Improvements
Project (Amendments)
Amendments to HKAS 16
Amendments to HKFRS 3
Amendments to HKFRS 3
Amendments to HKAS 37
Amendments to HKFRS 16
Revised Accounting
Guideline 5

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018-2020
Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use
Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Covid-19-related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations (AG 5)

The adoption of these Amendments did not have any material impact on the current period or any prior period and is not likely to affect future periods.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) Amendments that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Society

Certain Amendments have been published that are mandatory for the Society's reporting periods beginning on or after 1st April 2023. The following Amendments are relevant and applicable to the Society; however, they have not been early adopted in these financial statements:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>1</sup>
Amendment to HKFRS 17	Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 9 – Comparative Information <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>2</sup>
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayments on Demand Clause <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

### Note:

and HKAS 28

- (1) Effective for annual reporting period beginning on 1st April 2023
- (2) Effective for annual reporting period beginning on 1st April 2024
- (3) Effective for annual reporting period beginning on or after a date to be determined

The Society has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these Amendments. According to the preliminary assessment made by the Executive Committee, no significant impact on the financial performance and position of the Society is expected when they become effective.

Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup>

### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of the Society are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Society operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Society's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currencies translations are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.3 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Society and that the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of comprehensive income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Construction in progress are property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for the Society's own use purposes, and are carried at cost less any impairment losses. Construction in progress are not depreciated and are transferred to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when the construction is completed and the asset is ready for its intended use.

Depreciation of leasehold improvements is calculated to write off their cost less impairment losses over the unexpired periods of the leases or their expected useful lives of 5 years, whichever is shorter. Depreciation of other property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs, net of their residual values, to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 - 5 years
Air-conditioners 3 years
Motor vehicles 5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (note 2.4).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the statement of comprehensive income.

### 2.4 Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2.5 Financial assets

### (a) Classification

The Society classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through OCI included in trust fund assets (note 8); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Society's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will be recorded in trust funds (note 17). For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Society has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at financial assets at fair value through OCI ("FVOCI") included in trust fund assets.

The Society reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sale of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Society commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Society has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

### (c) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Society measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

### (i) Debt instruments

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses). Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the statement of comprehensive income.

### (ii) Equity instruments

The Society subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Society's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in trust funds, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Society's right to receive payments is established.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI included in trust fund assets are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.5 Financial assets (Continued)

### (d) Impairment

The Society assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI, if any. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Impairment on other financial assets is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit loss, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

### 2.6 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet where the Society currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Society has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

### 2.7 Receivables

Receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Society holds the receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

### 2.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdraft, if any.

### 2.9 General Fund

General Fund is used to finance the subvented and unsubvented activities of the Society. All the income and expenditure of this fund are accounted for in the statement of comprehensive income. Any surpluses/deficits are transferred from the statement of comprehensive income to this fund.

### 2.10 Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve represents the fund set aside from General Fund for the purpose of funding any unsubvented capital expenditure which may be required for the development of the Society. The expenditure relating to this reserve is directly dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income and then transferred from the statement of comprehensive income to this reserve.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.11 Designated Funds

Designated Funds represent funds set aside from the General Fund for the designated unsubvented activities. The income and expenditure relating to these designated funds are directly dealt with in the statement of comprehensive income. Any net surpluses or deficits relating to these funds are transferred from the statement of comprehensive income to these Designated Funds.

Upon the completion of the activities of the respective Designated Funds, the unused or deficient balances are transferred to General Fund.

### 2.12 Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves and Social Welfare Subvention Reserve

Lump sum grant was implemented by Social Welfare Department (the "SWD") to cover certain approved expenditures including staff costs, provident fund contributions and other expenditure. Any unspent lump sum grant for the year is transferred from the statement of comprehensive income to the respective designated lump sum grant reserves included in Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves and Social Welfare Subvention Reserve for the Society's future use.

### 2.13 Trust funds

Trust funds are established from donations earmarked for specific purposes. Any surpluses need to be refunded to the donors and cannot be used by the Society on other purposes without approval from the donors. All the income and expenditure of trust funds are directly credited and debited to the respective fund account.

### 2.14 Payables

Payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

### 2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Society has a present legal or constructive obligation where, as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.16 Government grants and donations from third parties and donations from fund raising activities

(a) Government grants and donations from third parties and donations

Government grants and donations from third parties are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant or donation will be received and the Society will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants and donations relating to future costs are deferred and recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match with the related costs which they are intended to compensate.

Government grants and donations relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(b) Donations from fund raising activities

Donations from fund raising activities for general purposes are recognised when received.

### 2.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amount received for service provided. The Society recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured; when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the Society.

(a) Home help fees

Home help fees are recognised when the services are rendered. The revenue is recognised at point in time.

(b) Subsidiary services income and other project income

Subsidiary services income and other project income are recognised on an accruals basis. The revenue is recognised at point in time.

### 2.18 Dividend

Dividend is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

### 2.19 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.20 Employee benefits

### (a) Pension obligations

The Society operates a defined contribution retirement scheme under the Occupational Retirement Scheme Ordinance ("ORSO Scheme") and a mandatory provident fund scheme under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance ("MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The Society has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due and, for the ORSO Scheme, are reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the ORSO Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### (b) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and accumulating annual leave that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of the employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (c) Long service payments

The Society's employees have to complete a required number of years of service to the Society in order to be eligible for long service payment under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance in the event of the termination of their employment. The Society is liable to make such payments if such termination meets the circumstances specified in the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

A provision is recognised in respect of the probable future long service payments expected to be made. The provision is based on the best estimate of the probable future payments which have been earned by the employees from their service to the Society up to the balance sheet date.

### (d) Discretionary reward plans

The expected cost of discretionary reward payments is recognised as a liability and an expense when the Society has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by the employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for discretionary reward plans are expected to be settled within 12 months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.21 Leases (as a lessee)

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Society.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Society allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Society under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Society is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Society exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Society, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Society:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received:
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Society, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Society is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

### 2.21 Leases (as a lessee) (Continued)

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes in-substance fixed payments.

When the lease liability is reassessed, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-ofuse asset, or comprehensive income if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

Payments associated with short-term leases of office premises and service centres and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise office premises and service centres.

### 3 Financial and fund risks management

### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Society's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk. The Society's overall risk management procedures focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimise potential adverse effects on the Society's financial performance.

### (a) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Society's functional currency. The Society has minimal exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk as transactions are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

### (b) Credit risk

The Society has policies in place for the controlling and monitoring of its credit risk. The credit risk of the Society is attributable to receivables from Lotteries Fund and Innovation and Technology Fund, deposits and other receivables, fixed deposits with original maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents.

In the opinion of the Executive Committee, the credit risk of receivables from Lotteries Fund and Innovation and Technology Fund; and deposits and other receivables is limited as the counterparties are either the SWD or reputable organisations have no past history of default in payments. Besides, the Executive Committee has closely monitored the receivable balances on an ongoing basis so as to minimise collection exposure.

The Society's financial assets are subject to the expected credit loss model. While cash at banks are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial as they are mainly deposited in reputable and creditworthy banks.

The Society applies HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all receivables.

To measure the expected credit loss, receivables have been grouped on shared credit risk characteristics and the day past due.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3 Financial and fund risks management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced over a period of past 12 months. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the debtors to settle the receivables.

On this basis, the loss allowance as at 31st March 2023 and 2022 was considered immaterial.

For other financial assets at amortised cost, no loss allowance provision was determined as at 31st March 2023 and 2022 as the Executive Committee considered that the expected credit loss was immaterial.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and the availability of funding from SWD to meet its financial commitments. The Executive Committee is of the opinion that the Society does not have significant liquidity risk.

The table below analyses the Society's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	2023	2022
Less than 1 year or on demand		
Payables (note 19)	6,686,983	6,402,409
Home help deposits received	110,000	127,000
Undiscounted lease liabilities (note 20)	8,437,945	2,851,418
	15,234,928	9,380,827
More than 1 year and less than 5 years		
Undiscounted lease liabilities (note 20)	6,866,573	2,335,509
	22,101,501	11,716,336
	-	

### (d) Cash flow interest rate risk

Other than bank deposits, the Society has no other significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities. The Society's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

At 31st March 2023, if interest rates on bank deposits of the Society and trust fund assets had been 50 basis points (2022: 50 basis points) higher/lower with all other variables held constant, surplus for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,382,000 (2022: HK\$1,660,000) higher/lower and trust funds would have been approximately HK\$44,000 (2022: HK\$41,000) higher/lower, as a result of higher/lower interest income on the bank deposits.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3 Financial and fund risks management (Continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (e) Price risk

The investments held by the Society, that are classified in the balance sheet as FVOCI included in trust fund assets, are subject to equity securities price risk.

At 31st March 2023, if equity price of the investments had increased/decreased by 5% (2022: 5%) with all other variables held constant, trust fund assets and trust funds would have been increased/decreased by approximately HK\$1,575,000 (2022: HK\$1,831,000), as a result of higher/lower fair value of FVOCI.

### 3.2 Fund risk management

The Society's objectives when managing own funds are to safeguard the Society's ability to continue as a going concern and to have sufficient funding for its future operations. The Society's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The own funds of the Society comprise General Fund, Capital Reserve and Designated Funds.

### 3.3 Fair value estimation

### (a) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Society has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

	40	2023	2022
Recurring fair value measurements Level 1			
FVOCI included in Trust fund assets (note 8)		31,492,193	36,613,453

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Society is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on society-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
- Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 3 Financial and fund risks management (Continued)

### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(b) Valuation technique used to determine fair values

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Society is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

(c) The carrying value less impairment provision of receivables and payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Society for similar financial instruments.

### 3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

No disclosure of the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities is made as there are no netting arrangements in place during the year.

### 4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Society makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. There are no estimates or assumptions used on these financial statements that the Executive Committee expect will have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Property, plant and equipment

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on ss Total	50 101,979,766 - (76,131,504)	50 25,848,262	50 25,848,262 33 10,985,202 - (43,802)	- (2,798,428) - 2,754,626	1	26,918,401	. (83,248,139)	53 26,918,401
Construction in progress	1,409,460	1,409,460	1,409,460 1,380,493		7000	2,787,53	2,789,953	2,789,953
Motor vehicles	17,370,615 (14,934,373)	2,436,242	2,436,242	т х	(625,645)	1,810,59/	17,370,615 (15,560,018)	1,810,597
Air- conditioners	2,190,959 (1,868,296)	322,663	322,663 812,330	(117,410)	(291,728)	843,255	2,885,879 (2,042,614)	843,265
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	18,950,437 (13,908,796)	5,041,641	5,041,641 4,091,532 (16,453)	(1,591,658)	(2,950,235)	6,166,485	21,450,311 (15,283,826)	6,166,485
Leasehold improvements	62,058,295 (45,420,039)	16,638,256	16,638,256 4,700,847 (27,349)	(1,089,360) 1,062,011	(6,003,653)	15,308,101	65,669,782 (50,361,681)	15,308,101
	<b>At 1st April 2021</b> Cost Accumulated depreciation	Net book amount	Year ended 31st March 2022 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals (note 29(b))	- Cost - Accumulated depreciation	Depreciation (note 23)	Closing net book amount	At 31st March 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation	Net book amount

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

S

Total	26,918,401 17,980,946 (295,990)	(2,894,328) 2,598,338	(11,907,310)	32,696,047	125,253,158 (92,557,111)	32,696,047
Construction in progress	2,789,953 107,792	з а	E	2,897,745	2,897,745	2,897,745
Motor vehicles	1,810,597	1 1	(625,645)	1,184,952	17,370,615 (16,185,663)	1,184,952
Air- conditioners	843,265 639,360 (3,400)	(223,260) 219,860	(463,490)	1,015,735	3,301,979 (2,286,244)	1,015,735
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	6,166,485 4,106,401 (36.500)	(996,314) 959,814	(3,572,504)	6,663,882	24,560,398 (17,896,516)	6,663,882
Leasehold improvements	15,308,101 13,127,393 (256.090)	(1,674,754)	(7,245,671)	20,933,733	77,122,421 (56,188,688)	20,933,733
	Year ended 31st March 2022 Opening net book amount Additions Disposals (note 29(b))	- Cost - Accumulated depreciation	Depreciation (note 23)	Closing net book amount	<b>At 31st March 2023</b> Cost Accumulated depreciation	Net book amount

Depreciation expense of HK\$11,907,310 (2022: HK\$9,871,261) has been charged in other expenses.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 6 Right-of-use assets

	Offices and service centers
At 1st April 2021	¥.
Cost	18,659,910
Accumulated depreciation	(11,811,722)
Net book amount	6,848,188
Year ended 31st March 2022	
Opening net book amount	6,848,188
Additions	4,458,126
Disposals	22
- Cost	(1,312,382)
- Accumulated depreciation	1,312,382
Depreciation (note 23)	(6,628,739)
Closing net book amount	4,677,575
At 31st March 2022	
Cost	21,805,654
Accumulated depreciation	(17,128,079)
Net book amount	4,677,575
Year ended 31st March 2023	
Opening net book amount	4,677,575
Additions	16,546,904
Depreciation (note 23)	(7,228,392)
Sepressation (nets 25)	
Closing net book amount	13,996,087
	H
At 31st March 2023	
Cost	38,352,558
Accumulated depreciation	(24,356,471)
Net book amount	13,996,087

The Society leases offices and service centers. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed period of 1 to 3 years with no extension options. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but lease assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Details of the maturity analysis of lease liabilities and total cash outflow for leases in 2023 are set out in notes 20 and 29(d) respectively.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 7 Financial instruments by category

The Society holds the following financial instruments:

	Financial assets at amortised cost	FVOCI	Total
31st March 2023			
Financial assets			
Trust fund assets (note 8) Receivables from Lotteries Fund (note 9) Receivables from Innovation and	8,778,171 1,009,966	31,492,193	40,270,364 1,009,966
Technology Fund	178,333	82	178,333
Deposits and other receivables (note 10) Fixed deposits with original maturity	46,479,192	©	46,479,192
over three months (note 11)	56,278,389	()=	56,278,389
Cash and cash equivalents (note 11)	243,037,882		243,037,882
	355,761,933	31,492,193	387,254,126
31st March 2022			
Financial assets			
Trust fund assets (note 8)	8,204,878	36,613,453	44,818,331
Receivables from Lotteries Fund (note 9) Receivables from Innovation and	409,745	i <del>k</del>	409,745
Technology Fund	554,709	-	554,709
Deposits and other receivables (note 10) Fixed deposits with original maturity	34,691,810	-	34,691,810
over three months (note 11)	25,443,831	-	25,443,831
Cash and cash equivalents (note 11)	315,100,808		315,100,808
	384,405,781	36,613,453	421,019,234
		2023	2022
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		E E0E 003	6 402 400
Payables (note 19) Home help deposits received		6,686,983 110,000	6,402,409 127,000
Lease liabilities (note 20)		14,501,494	4,925,662
		21,298,477	11,455,071

The Society's exposure to various risks associated with the financial instruments is discussed in note 3. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of each class of financial assets mentioned above.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 8 Trust fund assets

	2023	2022
FVOCI Equity securities, at market value		
- listed in Hong Kong	31,492,193	36,613,453
Bank balances and cash	8,778,171	8,204,878
Total trust fund assets	40,270,364	44,818,331
Represented by:		
Investment costs	1,093,572	1,093,572
Fixed deposits with original maturity over three months	6,839,664	I.E.
Other bank balances and cash	1,938,507	8,204,878
Revaluation surplus on FVOCI	30,398,621	35,519,881
	40,270,364	44,818,331
	40,270,364	44,818,331

### (a) Classification of financial assets at FVOCI

FVOCI comprise equity securities which are not held for trading and which the Society has irrevocably elected at initial recognition to recognise in this category.

### (b) Equity investments at FVOCI

	2023	2022
Non-current assets - Listed equity securities, at market value	31,492,193	36,613,453
	-	

(c) Information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value is provided in note 3.3. The fair value of the financial assets is determined by the Executive Committee by reference to the market value as at the balance sheet date.

Trust fund assets are denominated in Hong Kong dollars

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY
(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Receivables from Lotteries Fund

6

Sub-total to next page	2,868,868	183,462	(2,881,700)	170,630	76,888	(247,518)	, I
IHC (Frail Cases) Cheung Shan and Tai Wo Hau Service Centre Motor Vehicle	1,062,000	*	(1,062,000)	e			
Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Pre- primary Institutions (Phase 3) Furniture & Equipment	97,863	8	(97,863)	•	ř	1	
Pilot Scheme on Social Work Service for Pre- primary Institutions (Phase 1) Rent/Rates/ Government Rent Subsidy & Management Fee	20,944	183,462	(83,776)	120,630	76,888	(197,518)	
Specialised Co- parenting Support Centre Furniture & Equipment	8,891	ä	(8,891)	ï	ž.		
Specialised Co- parenting Support Centre Fitting-out	20,000	ä		20,000	,	(50,000)	
IFSC East Kowloon Centre Yau Tong Fitting- out Works for Reprovisioning	861,900	1	(861,900)	*	8		
IFSC Kwai Chung Centre Kwai Chung (South) Fitting- out Works for Reprovisioning	767,270	э	(767,270)		•	31	
	At 1st April 2021	during the year Less: Funds received	during the year	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	during the year	during the year	At 31st March 2023

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Receivables from Lotteries Fund (Continued)

6

Sub-total to next page	3,644,910	422,577	(3,657,742)	409,745	3,526,617	(3,517,428)	418,934
IHC Kwai Fong Service Centre Fitting-out Works for Reprovisioning		£		•	2,168,773	(1,904,091)	264,682
Pilot Scheme on CCSV for the Elderly Replacement of Non- serviceable Furniture & Equipment	Ē	45,598	3	45,598	ř	(45,598)	
IHC Kwai Fong Service Centre Furniture & Equipment for Reprovisioning	Ē	7,559		7,559	36,401	(43,960)	
Sub-base of EHCCS Shun Lee Service Centre Furniture & Equipment	E	105,958		105,958	Ĭ.	(105,958)	
Sub-base of EHCCS Shun Lee Service Centre Fitting- out Works	Ē	80,000	1	80,000	1,244,555	(1,170,303)	154,252
16 IHCs (Frail Cases) Furniture & Equipment	776,042	ř	(776,042)	r	Ï		1
Sub-total from previous page	2,868,868	183,462	(2,881,700)	170,630	76,888	(247,518)	
	At 1st April 2021	during the year	during the year	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	during the year	during the year	At 31st March 2023

16 IHCs represent Sheung Wan Service Centre, Hong Kong Western Service Centre, Mui Wo Service Centre, Tai O Service Centre, Peng Chau Service Centre, Cheung Chau Service Centre, Lamma Island Service Centre, Oi Tung Service Centre, Kin Ming Service Centre, Shun On Service Centre, Cheung Hang Service Centre, Centre, Ngau Tau Kok Service Centre, Lai Kok Service Centre, Cheung Shan Service Centre and Tivoli Service Centre. Note:

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY (All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Receivables from Lotteries Fund (Continued)

6

Total	3,644,910	422,577	(3,657,742)	409,745	9,946,588	(9,346,367)	1,009,966
IFSC North Point Centre Reinstatement Works (Sub-base)	Y	mr k	F	ï	74,600	7000	74,600
IFSC North Point Centre Reinstatement Works (Main Base)	3		ř.	9.	122,900		122,900
IFSC Kwai Chung Centre Kwai Chung (South) Reinstatement Works	3	300			159,900		159,900
IHC Kwai Fong Service Centre Reinstatement Works	3	•		3	006'66	6	006'66
IFSC North Point Centre Furniture and Equipment for Reprovisioning	( <b>#</b>	Ē		<b>⊘</b> #	354,951	(298,219)	56,732
IFSC North Point Centre Fitting-out Works for Reprovisioning	3	40		3	5,607,720	(5,530,720)	77,000
Sub-total from previous page	3,644,910	422,577	(3,657,742)	409,745	3,526,617	(3,517,428)	418,934
	At 1st April 2021	during the year less: Funds received	during the year	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	Add: Expenditure incurred during the year	during the year	At 31st March 2023

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 10 Deposits, prepayments and other receivables

	2023	2022
Utility and other deposits	2,286,929	1,737,989
Other receivables	44,192,263	32,953,821
Financial assets	46,479,192	34,691,810
Prepayments	7,983,156	4,879,830
	54,462,348	39,571,640

As at 31st March 2023, the Executive Committee considered that the expected credit loss for deposits and other receivables was immaterial thus no loss allowance was made.

The balances do not contain impaired assets. The Society does not hold any collateral as security.

The carrying amounts of deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values as at 31st March 2023 and 2022, and are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

### 11 Fixed deposits with original maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents

	2023	2022
Fixed deposits with original maturity over three months	56,278,389	25,443,831
Cash and cash equivalents - Cash at banks and in hand	243,037,882 ———————————————————————————————————	315,100,808 ———————————————————————————————————
Maximum exposure to credit risk	299,033,871	340,264,239

The carrying amounts of fixed deposits with original maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 11 Fixed deposits with original maturity over three months and cash and cash equivalents (Continued)

Analysis of the balances of cash and cash equivalents can be summarised by reserves and working capital as follows:

		Note	2023	2022
	Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves assets			
	- Lump Sum Grant Reserve assets	15(a)	129,973,730	148,188,044
	<ul> <li>Provident Fund Reserve assets</li> <li>Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve</li> </ul>	15(b)	22,288,457	21,767,819
	assets	15(a) & (c)	23,327,105	25,689,640
	Social Welfare Subvention Reserve assets	16	11,427,660	12,282,647
	Working capital		56,020,930	107,172,658
			243,037,882	315,100,808
12	General Fund			
12	General Fund			
			2023	2022
	At 1st April Deficit transferred to the statement of comp	orehensive	95,573,449	100,656,902
	income		(950,980)	(3,583,453)
	Transfer to Capital Reserve (note 13)		(1,400,000)	
	Transfer to Designated Funds (note 14)			(1,500,000)
	At 31st March		93,222,469	95,573,449
13	Capital Reserve			
13	Capital Reserve			
			2023	2022
	At 1st April Deficit transferred to the statement of comp	arehensive	175,475	663,094
	income	A CHEHOIVE	(669,045)	(487,619)
	Transfer from General Fund (note 12)		1,400,000	(407,013)
	At 31st March		906,430	175,475

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Designated Funds**

14

Sub-total to next page	36,015,010	352,093 26,850	1,500,000	37,893,953	933,827 21,250	38,849,030
Innovative Services of Love for Family (note f)	2,793,622 3	(409,028) 26,850		2,411,444	(89,892) 21,250	2,342,802
HOCC Education So Grant (note e)	33,490	(24,947)	*	8,543	101,840	110,383
Family Psychiatric Consultation Service (note d)	21,511	Ē Ī	*	21,511	r r	21,511
Staff Welfare Fund (note c)	251,704	(655,215)	1,500,000	1,096,489	(651,118)	445,371
Carer Support and Elderly Service (note b)	2,834,282	97,488	1	2,931,770	76,251	3,008,021
P. S. Cassidy and Sir Douglas Clague Charitable Donation (note a)	30,080,401	1,343,795	*	31,424,196	1,496,746	32,920,942
	At 1st April 2021 Surplus/(deficit) transferred from the statement of	comprehensive income Transfer of account	ransrer irom General Fund (note 12)	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022 Surplus/(deficit) transferred from the	statement of comprehensive income Transfer of account	At 31st March 2023

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Designated Funds (Continued) 14

Total	39,391,948	6,347,091	1,500,000	47,239,039	(354,665)	46,884,374
Others (note j)	88,158	7,242,818	(26,830)	7,304,126	(1,994,599) (21,250)	5,288,277
Yi Shan Asia Charity Limited (note i)	x	(15,360)	E E	(15,360)	(71,640)	(87,000)
Family Emergency Assistance Relief Grant (note h)	1,135,772	(783,734)	r e	352,038	1,072,234	1,424,272
The Zonta White House (note g)	2,153,008	(448,726)	i i	1,704,282	(294,487)	1,409,795
Sub-total from previous page	36,015,010	352,093	1,500,000	37,893,953	933,827 21,250	38,849,030
	At 1st April 2021	of comprehensive income	Iransfer of account Transfer from General Fund (note 12)	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	of comprehensive income  Transfer of account	At 31st March 2023

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 14 Designated Funds (Continued)

(a) P. S. Cassidy and Sir Douglas Clague Charitable Donation

Represent dividend and interest income from the P. S. Cassidy and Sir Douglas Clague Charitable Donation, and is designated for providing the improvement of services.

(b) Carer Support and Elderly Service

Represent funds designated to support services for carers and elderly.

(c) Staff Welfare Fund

Represent funds designated for staff welfare and training purposes.

(d) Family Psychiatric Consultation Service

Represent funds designated to provide psychiatric consultation service for families.

(e) HOCC Education Grant

Represent funds designated to provide financial assistance to the deprived children in their education ventures.

(f) Innovative Services of Love for Family

Represent funds designated to develop the innovative services to meet the service gaps and promote a caring community for family service, youth service and carers support service.

(g) The Zonta White House

Represent funds designated for the refurbishment and recurrent costs of the Family Retreat Centre.

(h) Family Emergency Assistance Relief Grant

Represent funds designated to provide emergency financial assistance to the families that are suffering from crisis and assist them to reconstruct normal family functions.

(i) Yi Shan Asia Charity Limited

Represent funds designated to help families in need of financial support. These families who have been hovering between the middle and lower class and the poverty line are helplessly set back by the epidemic and are stuck in a financial quagmire.

(j) Others

Represent the funds other than those mentioned above.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 15 Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves

	Lump Sum Grant Reserve (note a)	Provident Fund Reserve (note b)	Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve (notes a & c)	Total
At 1st April 2021 Surplus transferred from the statement of comprehensive	107,644,488	17,965,391	23,823,212	149,433,091
income	42,414,613	4,066,644	-	46,481,257
Transfer to Social Welfare Subvention Reserve (note 16) Transfer Refund of prior years' surplus	(1,871,057)	×	(4,629) 1,871,057	(4,629)
to SWD	(%)	(264,216)	5	(264,216)
At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022 Surplus transferred from the statement of comprehensive	148,188,044	21,767,819	25,689,640	195,645,503
income	96,751	522,274	-	619,025
Transfer to Social Welfare Subvention Reserve (note 16) Transfer Refund of prior years' surplus	2,881,041	-	518,506 (2,881,041)	518,506
Refund of prior years' surplus to SWD	(21,192,106)	(1,636)	-	(21,193,742)
At 31st March 2023	129,973,730	22,288,457	23,327,105	175,589,292

- (a) These reserves represent the unspent lump sum grants which according to Rule 2.33 of the "Social Welfare Services Lump Sum Grant Manual" must be kept in a separate interest-bearing account and is capped at 25% of the Society's relevant annual lump sum grant operating expenditure. These reserves can be used at the discretion of the Society subject to these reserves must be used on Funding and Service Agreement activities and the related support services, and any amount above the 25% cap needs to be refunded to the SWD in the following financial year. However, with reference to a letter from SWD dated 1st November 2007, the cumulative Lump Sum Grant Reserve and Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve as at 31st March 2008 are not subject to claw back.
- (b) Provident Fund Reserve can only be used for provident fund commitments in respect of Funding and Service Agreements activities and the related support services.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 15 Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves (Continued)

### (c) Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve is represented by:

	2023	2022
Employee entitlements to unutilised annual leave Employee entitlements to long service payments	21,698,342 1,628,763	22,882,311 2,807,329
	23,327,105	25,689,640

Approximately 91% (2022: 88%) of the Society's employee benefits are subsidised by the SWD. The Executive Committee of the Society decided to support the employee entitlements to unutilised annual leave and long service payments as a result of services rendered by the subvented employees up to the balance sheet date by transferring the estimated amount from the unspent Lump Sum Grant Reserve to the Subvented Employee Benefit Reserve and Social Welfare Subvention Reserve.

### 16 Social Welfare Subvention Reserve

	Central items reserve	Rent and rates reserve	Interest received	Total
At 1st April 2021 Surplus transferred from the	10,398,243	528,124	131,466	11,057,833
income Transfer from Social Welfare Lump Sum Grant Reserves	6,830,649	732,582	5	7,563,231
(note 15)	4,629	-	-	4,629
Refund of prior years' surplus to SWD	(5,527,806)	(815,240)	5	(6,343,046)
At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022 Surplus/(deficit) transferred	11,705,715	445,466	131,466	12,282,647
from the statement of comprehensive income Transfer from Social Welfare	6,579,782	(347,231)	20,839	6,253,390
Lump Sum Grant Reserves (note 15)	(518,506)	170	8	(518,506)
Refund of prior years' surplus to SWD	(6,224,056)	(365,815)	=	(6,589,871)
At 31st March 2023	11,542,935	(267,580)	152,305	11,427,660

These reserves cannot be used without the prior approval of the Executive Committee.

HONG KONG FAMILY WELFARE SOCIETY

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **Trust Funds**

17

Total	49,354,575 4,985,059 44,181 1,427,224 (5,049,025) (6,443,374) 499,691	44,818,331 5,747,092 64,374 1,579,191 (5,320,619) (1,496,746) (5,121,259) 40,270,364
Others (note e)	1,285,965	1,284,977
Individual sponsorships (note d)	13,134,682 4,729,683 4,010 102,450 (5,034,596) (5,099,579) (38,581)	7,798,069 5,696,092 35,516 84,741 (5,278,845) - (749,226) 7,586,347
Benefactors Fund (note c)	321,847 255,376 9 (13,441)	563,791 51,000 521 (36,539)
P.S. Cassidy and Sir Douglas Clague Charitable Donation (note b)	33,057,463 36,492 1,307,303 (1,343,795) 628,224	33,685,687 24,909 1,471,838 (1,496,746) (4,457,395) 29,228,293
Arthur Edmondson Quinn Memorial Trust (note a)	1,554,618 3,670 17,471 (89,952)	1,485,807 3,428 22,612 - 85,362 1,597,209
	At 1st April 2021 Funds entrusted Bank interest Dividends from listed investments Utilised during the year Income transferred to the statement of comprehensive income Revaluation (deficit)/surplus	At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022 Funds entrusted Bank interest Dividends from listed investments Utilised during the year Income transferred to the statement of comprehensive income Revaluation (deficit)/surplus At 31st March 2023

The assets of the trust funds are set out in note 8.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 17 Trust Funds (Continued)

(a) Arthur Edmondson Quinn Memorial Trust

Represent funds available for further or specialist training to staff.

(b) P.S. Cassidy and Sir Douglas Clague Charitable Donation

Represent the capital portion of the fund. According to the trust deed, the Society has to maintain the capital portion of the fund and can apply the income derived from the fund for charitable purposes of the Society. Accordingly, the interest income and dividend income derived from the fund are transferred to the statement of comprehensive income.

(c) Benefactors Fund

Represent donations received for providing assistance to needy families and individuals.

(d) Individual sponsorships and others

Represent funds held in trust for use on behalf of clients or other designated purposes.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Deferred income

18

Total	8,197,879 46,585,214 12,660 252 (47,846,143) (8,448,221) (23,746)	(1,522,105) 32,998,785 31,476,680	11,841,239 19,635,441 31,476,680	13,575,322 17,901,358 31,476,680
Deferred income on projects	42,820,397	(2,854,421) 4,513,841 1,659,420	1,659,420	1,303,591 355,829 1,659,420
SWDF (note c)	628,879 12,160 48 (686,426) (342,354)	(387,693) 2,416,089 2,028,396	1,534,603 493,793 2,028,396	1,156,186 872,210 2,028,396
Deferred income on property, plant and equipment (note b)	3,764,817	(2,022,173) 16,068,034 14,045,861	14,045,861	5,618,344 8,427,517 14,045,861
Lotteries Fund Block Grant Reserve (note a)	7,569,000 500 97 (1,484,792) (2,330,413) (12,210)	3,742,182 10,000,821 13,743,003	8,647,216 5,095,787 13,743,003	5,497,201 8,245,802 13,743,003
	Year ended 31st March 2022 Allocation from SWD during the year Sponsorship/grant received during the year Other income Interest income received Expenditure incurred during the year Depreciation on property, plant and equipment Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	Increase/(decrease) for the year At 1st April 2021 At 31st March 2022	Represented by: Unspent balance Depreciative property, plant and equipment	Current portion Non-current portion

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Deferred income (Continued)

18

		Deferred income			
	Lotteries Fund	on property,			
	<b>Block Grant</b>	plant and		Deferred income	
	Reserve	equipment	SWDF	on projects	Total
	(note a)	(note b)	(note c)		
Year ended 31st March 2023					
Allocation from LFBG during the year	7,895,000	•	×	ì	7,895,000
Allocation from SWD during the year	ũ	Ĩ	74,555	Ĩ	74,555
Sponsorship/grant received during the year	1	9,761,267	ä	52,676,187	62,437,454
Other income	11,000	1	i	1	11,000
Interest income received	6,213	1	3,713	12,969	22,895
Expenditure incurred during the year	(2,349,479)	•	(231,044)	(51,565,267)	(54,145,790)
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	(2,519,727)	(7,125,048)	(472,434)	10	(10,117,209)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(102,560)	*	Ĭ.	ĩ	(102,560)
Increase/(decrease) for the year	2,940,447	2,636,219	(625,210)	1,123,889	6,075,345
At 1st April 2022	13,743,003	14,045,861	2,028,396	1,659,420	31,476,680
At 31st March 2023	16,683,450	16,682,080	1,403,186	2,783,309	37,552,025
Represented by: Unspent balance	8,934,714	ä	543,707	2,783,309	12,261,730
Depreciative property, plant and equipment	7,748,736	16,682,080	859,479		25,290,295
	16,683,450	16,682,080	1,403,186	2,783,309	37,552,025
15					
Current portion	10,844,241	9,842,427	617,402	2,007,672	23,311,742
Non-turrent portion	5,659,209	669,669,0	103,104	1,5,037	14,240,203
	16,683,450	16,682,080	1,403,186	2,783,309	37,552,025

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 18 Deferred income (Continued)

### (a) Lotteries Fund Block Grant Reserve

Lotteries Fund Block Grant Reserve represents lump sum government grants for replenishment of furniture and equipment and minor works for existing premises providing subvented welfare services.

Movement of the unspent balance of Block Grant Reserve are as below:

	2023	2022
Balance as at 1st April	8,647,216	5,041,423
Add: Block Grant received during the year Interest income received Other income	7,895,000 6,213 11,000	7,569,000 97 500
	7,912,213	7,569,597
Less: Expenditure during the year Minor Works Projects Furniture & Equipment Vehicle Overhauling	(3,325,036) (4,018,839) (280,840)	(1,124,697) (2,556,434) (282,673)
	(7,624,715)	(3,963,804)
Balance as at 31st March	8,934,714	8,647,216

### (b) Deferred income on property, plant and equipment

Grants or donations received relating to purchases of property, plant and equipment are deferred and recognised on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 18 Deferred income (Continued)

### (c) SWDF

SWDF supports training and professional development, capacity enhancement initiatives, and service delivery enhancement studies of the subvented services under Phase 3.

Movement of unspent balance of SWDF funded by Lotteries Fund are as below:

### Use of SWDF Phase 3

		2023	2022
	Balance as at 1st April	1,534,603	1,886,538
	Allocation from SWDF during the year	74,555	628,879
	Interest income received	3,713	48
	Refund from staff	, n	12,160
	Expenditure during the year	<del> </del>	
	Projects under scope A	(168,465)	(615,389)
	Projects under scope B (IT)	(897,012)	(328,119)
	Administrative support	(3,687)	(49,514)
	Total expenditure during the year	(1,069,164)	(993,022)
	Balance as at 31st March	543,707	1,534,603
19	Payables and receipts in advance		
		2023	2022
	Payables	6,686,983	6,402,409
	Receipts in advance	12,418,531	15,363,769
		19,105,514	21,766,178
		-	

The carrying amounts of payables approximate their fair values as at 31st March 2023 and 2022, and are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 20 Lease liabilities

	2023	2022
Current	7,832,349	2,678,575
Non-current	6,669,145	2,247,087
	14,501,494	4,925,662
Minimum lease payments		
- Within one year	8,437,945	2,851,418
- Over one year and less than five years	6,866,573	2,335,509
	15,304,518	5,186,927
Less: Total future interest expenses	(803,024)	(261,265)
Present value of lease liabilities	14,501,494	4,925,662

The nature of the Society's leasing activities by type of right-of-use assets recognised on balance sheet is detailed in note 6.

Interest expense of HK\$810,488 (2022: HK\$328,138) has been charged in the statement of comprehensive income.

### 21 Employee benefit expense

	2023	2022
Salaries Pension costs - defined contribution scheme and MPF	485,700,260	439,054,542
scheme	39,861,688	37,113,914
Staff welfare and other benefits (Reversal of provision)/provision for unutilised annual	2,200,464	1,958,272
leave and long service payments	(1,105,282)	219,402
Total	526,657,130	478,346,130

### 22 Programme expenses

These are expenses incurred for, or relating to, programmes carried out by the Society. These include advertising, printing and stationery, miscellaneous administrative expenses and rental for venues used in carrying out the programmes.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 23 Premises and other expenses

	2023	2022
Auditor's remuneration - audit services Depreciation	624,100	525,237
- Property, plant and equipment (note 5)	11,907,310	9,871,261
- Right-of-use assets (note 6)	7,228,392	6,628,739
Electricity	2,830,479	2,393,666
Insurance	4,525,338	5,084,494
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		
(note 29(b))	295,990	43,802
Nursing care consumables	9,763,366	8,148,190
Operating lease (including non-lease components, low value and short-term lease) in respect of office premises		
and service centres	5,030,374	4,906,398
Repairs and maintenance Rent concessions	8,465,539 (459,000)	7,040,558 (682,050)
Telephone charges	2,405,744	2,170,099
Travelling	931,280	787,466
Training/course/workshop	2,940,630	2,637,313
Printing and stationery	1,581,152	1,505,712
Others	10,538,563	9,721,207
Total	68,609,257	60,782,092
		-

### 24 Donation funding for specific projects

Included in donation funding for specific projects from "other sponsors" are the following programmes of which the relevant income and expenditure are summarised as below:

### (a) EDB-School-based After-school Support Programmes

### Year ended 31st March 2023

to 31st Aug	ust 2022	to 31st Ma	rch 2023	
HKE2108	KWT2111	HKE2206	KWT2213	Total
8,731	1.0	119,221	172,770	300,722
	127,864	18	I.E.	127,864
8,731	127,864	119,221	172,770	428,586
(40 705)	(65.472)	(20.555)	(422.442)	(254 424)
(12,735)	(65,472)	(39,556)	(133,418)	(251,181)
(56,657)	(19,205)	(22,134)	(18,669)	(116,665)
(69,392)	(84,677)	(61,690)	(152,087)	(367,846)
(60,661)	43,187	57,531	20,683	60,740
	to 31st Aug (School Year HKE2108 8,731 8,731 (12,735) (56,657) (69,392)	8,731 - 127,864 8,731 127,864 (12,735) (65,472) (56,657) (19,205) (69,392) (84,677)	to 31st August 2022 to 31st Ma (School Year 2021/22) HKE2108 KWT2111 HKE2206  8,731 - 127,864 - 119,221  (12,735) (65,472) (39,556) (56,657) (19,205) (22,134) (69,392) (84,677) (61,690)	to 31st August 2022 (School Year 2021/22) HKE2108  8,731 - 119,221 - 127,864  8,731 127,864  119,221 172,770  (12,735) (65,472) (39,556) (133,418) (56,657) (19,205) (69,392) (84,677) (61,690) (152,087)

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24 Donation funding for specific projects (Continued)

### (a) EDB-School-based After-school Support Programmes (Continued)

### Year ended 31st March 2022

	Period from 1s to 31st Jul (School Year	y 2021	Period from 1st to 31st Ma (School Year	rch 2022	
	HKE2006	KWT2008	HKE2108	KWT2111	Total
Income - Funds received from					
<b>Education Bureau</b>	2,073	-	97,568	147,730	247,371
- Fee income received	-	73,529			73,529
	2,073	73,529	97,568	147,730	320,900
Expenditure			-		
<ul><li>Staff costs</li><li>Programme</li></ul>	(16,369)	(87,096)	(31,113)	(158,238)	(292,816)
expenses	(65,202)	(16,791)	(19,649)	(22,814)	(124,456)
	(81,571)	(103,887)	(50,762)	(181,052)	(417,272)
Net (deficit)/surplus	(79,498)	(30,358)	46,806	(33,322)	(96,372)

### (b) Programmes from Community Care Fund

Hong Kong Family Welfare Society has complied with the requirements as stipulated by Social Welfare Department and Community Care Fund on implementing the Programme.

	Allowance for Elderly Pe	Pilot Scheme on Living Allowance for Carers of the Elderly Persons from Low Income Families Phase IV	
	2023	2022	
Funds received Expenditure	27,720	45,480 (300)	
Net surplus	27,720	45,180	

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24 Donation funding for specific projects (Continued)

(c) Programmes from The Community Chest

	"Parade of Lights" on "Child-focused	
	Programme for C	
	Pare	ntal Conflicts/
	Separat	ion or Divorce
	2023	2022
Funds received	-	814,817
Expenditure	(3,340)	(809,067)
Net (deficit)/surplus	(3,340)	5,750

(d) HSBC Community Partnership Programme from the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### Year ended 31st March 2023

	Mind-body	Financial Literacy	
	Wellness Project	Enrichment	
	for Women	Project in Sham	
	Project	Shui Po District	Total
Funds received	_	209,060	209,060
Fee income received	2	<u> </u>	12
Expenditure	ĝ	(402,575)	(402,575)
	-	<del>- ,</del>	
Net deficit		(193,515)	(193,515)
		**************************************	

### Year ended 31st March 2022

	Mind-body	Financial Literacy	
	Wellness Project	Enrichment	
	for Women	Project in Sham	
	Project	Shui Po District	Total
Funds received	73,726	406,511	480,237
Fee income received	2,349	2	2,349
Expenditure	(177,771)	(212,414)	(390,185)
Net (deficit)/surplus	(101,696)	194,097	92,401

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 24 Donation funding for specific projects (Continued)

(e)	Enhanced	Support	for Elderly	Person in	Cold Weather
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(e)	Enhanced Support for Elderly Person in Cold Weather		
		2023	2022
	Funds received Expenditure	20,100 (20,100)	20,400 (20,400)
	Net surplus	-	-
(f)	One-off Subsidy for Organising Social Activities for Elderly Person	ns and Persons wi	th Disabilities
		2023	2022
	Expenditure	-	(40,000)
	Net deficit		(40,000)
(g)	Financial Social Work Education Project 2022-2023		
		2023	2022
	Funds received Fee income received Expenditure  Net surplus	1,792,409 197,900 (1,653,606) ———————————————————————————————————	17,591 - (17,591) 
	Tree Sur prod		
(h)	Financial Capability Building in Digital Era - HSBC		
		2023	2022
	Funds received Expenditure	1,312,102 (1,312,102)	27,836 (27,836)
	Net surplus		

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 25 Income from Lotteries Fund - General

Pilot Project on Provision of Wi-Fi Service (Wi-Fi Project)

	2022
448,800	448,800
5,616	40
(269,568)	(365,173)
184,848	83,667
	5,616 (269,568)

### 26 Donations and income from fund raising activities

Included in donations and income from fundraising activities are the following activities/programmes of which the relevant income and expenditure are summarised as below:

(a) Care for The Elderly Association Limited – The Care for The Elderly Charity Ticket Campaign

No proceeds raised from Care for The Elderly Association Limited - The Care for The Elderly Charity Ticket Campaign held in 2023 and 2022.

### 27 Benefits and interests of Executive Committee members

The following disclosures are made pursuant to section 383(1)(a) to (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and Parts 2 to 4 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G):

(a) Executive Committee members' remuneration (also regarded as key management compensation)

	2023	2022
Salaries and Rewards Pension costs – defined contribution scheme and MPF	2,066,316	1,875,437
Scheme	182,130	167,467
	2,248,446	2,042,904
	2	

The remuneration is paid/payable to for an ex-officio member of the Executive Committee for her employee services provided to the Society.

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 27 Benefits and interests of Executive Committee members (Continued)

- (b) During the year, no retirement benefits, payments or benefits in respect of termination of Executive Committee members' services were paid or made, directly or indirectly, to the Executive Committee members; nor are any payable (2022: Nil). No consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available Executive Committee members' service (2022: Nil). There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the Executive Committee members, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities (2022: Nil).
- (c) No Executive Committee members of the Society had a material interest, directly or indirectly, in any significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Society's business to which the Society was or is a party that subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil).

### 28 Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has not been provided as the Society is exempted by virtue of section 88 of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

### 29 Notes to the statement of cash flows

### (a) Cash generated from operations

	2023	2022
Surplus for the year	4,897,725	56,320,507
Adjustments for:		
- Interest income	(784,051)	(334,718)
- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 5)	11,907,310	9,871,261
- Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 6)	7,228,392	6,628,739
- Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		
(note (b) below)	295,990	43,802
- Interest on lease liabilities	810,488	328,138
- Rent concessions	(459,000)	(682,050)
Changes in working capital:	,	
- Receivables from Lotteries Fund	(600,221)	3,235,165
- Receivables from Innovation and Technology Fund	376,376	(468,029)
- Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(14,890,708)	(16,972,687)
- Payables and receipts in advance	(2,660,664)	6,000,859
- Home help deposits received	(17,000)	27,000
- (Reversal of provision)/provision for unutilised annual	•	
leave and long service payments	(1,105,282)	219,402
- Deferred income	6,075,345	(1,522,105)
Cash generated from operations	11,074,700	62,695,284

(All amounts in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 29 Notes to the statement of cash flows (Continued)

(b) In the statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

	2023	2022
Net book amount (note 5) Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (note 23)	295,990 (295,990)	43,802 (43,802)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		1.5

- (c) The additions and disposals of right-of-use assets (note 6) are non-cash financing activities.
- (d) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities during the year

	Lease liabilities
At 1st April 2021	7,217,801
Additions	4,458,126
Accrued interest expenses	328,138
Rent concessions	(682,050)
Cash flows from financing activities	
- payment for lease liabilities	(6,396,353)
At 31st March 2022 and 1st April 2022	4,925,662
Additions	16,546,904
Accrued interest expenses	810,488
Rent concessions	(459,000)
Cash flows from financing activities	
- payment for lease liabilities	(7,322,560)
At 31st March 2023	14,501,494

### 30 Operating lease commitments

As at 31st March, the Society had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases (not included in measurement of lease liabilities) in respect of office premises as follows:

	2023	2022
No later than 1 year	202,140	561,364